



COMMODITY: POTATO

ASSESSMENT Consumption Requirement (Tons) Annual Monthly Coming 3 months (May-July) 36,287 3,024 9,072 - -36,287

Currently local supply of fresh potato is arriving in bulk quantity, therefore price of fresh potato is on lower side.

Source: Agriculture Statistics of Pakistan, Pakistan Bureau of Statistics (PBS) & CRS Punjab Population; Pakistan=241.499 Millions and Punjab=127.689 Million (PBS, Digital Census 2023)

FORECASTING

- Due to availability of local supply in significant quantity, price & supply of potato are expected to remain stable.
- During June weather tends to be hot, thereafter potato starts arriving from cold storages. Due to addition of cold storages cost, potato prices are expected to slightly increase in local markets.

- Monthly consumption requirement of potato for district Rajanpur is 3,024 tons and daily requirement is 101 tons. DC Rajanpur with the help of local commission agents should ensure maximum supply of potato from core producing districts of potato i.e. Okara, Pakpattan, Kasur and Sahiwal, etc to meet daily consumption requirement and to overcome annual deficit of 36,287 tons. EADA (E&M) and Secretary MC will assist DC Rajanpur in this regard.
- Deputy Director Agriculture (Extension) Rajanpur should ensure cultivation of local crop to cater for annual consumption requirement of district.
- **DC Rajanpur** through EADA(E&M) & Secretary MC should ensure fair auction process of potato.
- **DC Rajanpur** through Price Control Magistrates should rationalize the gap between notified rates and spot rates.





COMMODITY: ONION

ASSESSMENT

Consumption Requirement (Tons)			Local Production	Annual Deficit /Surplus
Annual	Monthly	Coming 3 months (May-July)		(Tons)
27,144	2,262	6,786	37,106	9,962

Currently main supply of onion is arriving from Punjab and Sindh, thus supply & price situation of onion is stable

FORECASTING

- Due to bulk arrival of onion from Punjab and Sindh, supply & price situation of onion is expected to remain stable.
- However, during Eid-ul-Azha demand will be high, but production season in Sindh will be closed and in Punjab will be near to end, therefore onion price may likely to increase at eve of Eid-ul-Azha.

- Monthly consumption requirement of onion for district Rajanpur is 2,262 tons and daily requirement is 75 tons. DC Rajanpur with the help of local commission agents should ensure maximum supply of local crop to meet daily consumption requirement as well as demand of Eid-ul-Azha. EADA (E&M) and Secretary MC will assist DC Rajanpur in this regard.
- Deputy Director Agriculture (Extension) Rajanpur should keep improving local production of onion in Rajanpur(potential/surplus producing district) in order to meet consumption requirement of districts with deficit production. Production period of onion in Punjab should also be expanded to cater for consumption requirement.





COMMODITY: TOMATO

ASSESSMENT

Consumption Requirement (Tons)			Local Production	Annual Deficit /Surplus
Annual	Monthly	Coming 3 months (May-July)	(Tons)	(Tons)
14,572	1,214	3,642	42	-14,530

Currently main supply of tomato is arriving from Punjab along with some arrival from Sindh. Due to availability of local supply, tomato price is lying wi

FORECASTING

- During Eid-ul-Azha demand will be high so price is expected to increase.
- Moreover, after mid-June local production season will reach to end, then major supplies will be arriving from other provinces i.e. KPK & Balochistan, due to which tomato price is likely to increase in future

- Monthly consumption requirement of tomato for district Rajanpur is 1,214 tons and daily requirement is 40 tons. DC Rajanpur with the help of local commission agents should ensure maximum supply of tomato as per requirement from major producing districts of Punjab i.e. Sheikhupura, Kasur, Khushab, R.Y.Khan, Multan, Muzaffargarh & Bahawalpur to meet daily consumption requirement. Moreover, future contracts should be undertaken to bring supplies from KPK & Balochistan to meet demand of Eid-ul-Azha and so on.. EADA (E&M) and Secretary MC will assist DC Rajanpur in this regard.
- Deputy Director Agriculture (Extension) Rajanpur should enhance local production either by increasing cultivated area further 6,604 acres or promoting intercropping technique as well as vertical expansion (varietal improvement) to over come deficit of 14,530 tons per annum. Production period of tomato in Punjab should also be expanded to cater for consumption requirement.





COMMODITY: GRAM

ASSESSMENT

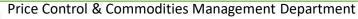
Consumption Requirement (Tons)			Local Production	Annual Deficit /Surplus	
Annual	Monthly	Coming 3 months (May-July)	(Tons)	(Tons)	
3,714	310	930	0	-3,714	

- Local gram crop is mostly grown in Thal / rainfed areas of Punjab i.e. Bhakkar, Khushab, Jhang, Layyah, etc.
- Local crop is available. However, due to less rain fall during production season, local crop is experiencing failure over the years, resulting in stress supply situation.

FORECASTING

• Due to less rainfall and low yield, local production is not appreciable, moreover international prices are also showing increasing trend. Thus, supply of gram is expected to remain under stress and prices will likely to depict increasing trend in future.

- Monthly consumption requirement of gram for district Rajanpur is 310 tons and daily requirement is 10 tons. DC Rajanpur with the help of local commission agents/traders should ensure maximum supply of gram through importers based in Faisalabad and from core producing districts to meet daily & monthly consumption requirement as well as to overcome annual deficit of 3,714 tons. EADA (E&M) and Secretary MC will assist DC Rajanpur in this regard.
- Deputy Director Agriculture (Extension) Rajanpur should introduce cultivation of gram in Rajanpur along with promotion of intercropping technique.
- DC Rajanpur through Price Control Magistrates should control hoarding and over profiteering by the traders.





COMMODITY: MOONG

ASSESSMENT Consumption Requirement (Tons) Annual Monthly Coming 3 months (May-July) Coming 3 months (May-July) 17,526 Annual Deficit /Surplus (Tons)



This year crop affected due to rain fall at the time of harvesting, therefore supply is under stress.

FORECASTING

- As a result of low production, price of moong remained on higher side.
- Local production season of moong will begin during August-September, afterwards local supply will be available and prices are likely to decline.

- Monthly consumption requirement of moong for district Rajan Pur is 167 tons and daily requirement is 6 tons. DC Rajan Pur with the help of local commission agents/traders should ensure maximum supply of moong to meet daily & monthly consumption requirement. EADA (E&M) and Secretary MC will assist DC Rajan Pur in this regard.
- DC Rajan Pur should conduct stocks taking exercise regularly to arrange requisite stocks.
- DC Rajan Pur through Price Control Magistrates should control hoarding and over profiteering by the traders.



However, during year 2021-22 record production of 2,49,800 tons was attained, which has been declined to 1,15,630 tons during year 2024-25.



COMMODITY: MASH

ASSESSMENT

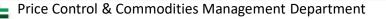
Consumption Requirement (Tons)			Local Production	Annual Deficit /Surplus
Annual	Monthly	Coming 3 months (May-July)	(Tons)	(Tons)
1,429	119	357	-	-1,429

- Domestic production of Mash is negligible, therefore 97% of its consumption requirement is met through import.
- 10 years ago, during 2013-14 local production of Mash in Punjab was recorded 5938 tons, which has been reduced to 780 tons during 2024-25.
- During year 2013-14, major producing districts of Mash in Punjab were Narowal, Sialkot, Rawalpindi, Chakwal & Jhelum, etc but now production has been limited to only Narowal, Gujrat & Rawalpindi.

FORECASTING

- On account of considerable decrease in international prices, import is smoothly in progress. Resultantly, local prices are showing stable trend.
- Supply & price of Mash is expected to remain stable subject to smooth import situation.

- Monthly consumption requirement of mash for district Rajan Pur is 119 tons and daily requirement is 4 tons. DC Rajan Pur with the help of local commission agents/traders/importers should ensure maximum supply of mash through import to meet daily & monthly consumption requirement and to overcome annual deficit of 1,429 tons. EADA (E&M) and Secretary MC will assist DC Rajan Pur in this regard.
- DC Rajan Pur should conduct stock taking exercise regularly to arrange requisite stock.
- DC Rajan Pur through Price Control Magistrates should control hoarding and over profiteering by the traders





COMMODITY: MASOOR

ASSESSMENT

Consumption Requirement (Tons)			Local Production	Annual Deficit /Surplus
Annual	Monthly	Coming 3 months (May-July)	(Tons)	(Tons)
1,714	143	429	-	-1,714

- Domestic production of Masoor is negligible, therefore 92% of its consumption requirement is met through import.
- 10 years ago, during 2013-14 local production of Masoor in Punjab was recorded 4,246 tons, which has been reduced to 573 tons during 2023-24.
- During year 2013-14, major producing districts of Masoor in Punjab were Rawalpindi, Chakwal, Narowal, Jhelum, Gujrat, Jhang, Layyah, Muzaffargarh & M.B.Din & T.T. Singh but now production has been limited to only Attock, Rawalpindi, Jhelum, etc.

FORECASTING

• Subsequent to decline in international prices, local prices of Masoor are likely to remain stable subject to smooth import.

- Monthly consumption requirement of masoor for district Rajan Pur is 143 tons and daily requirement is 5 tons. DC Rajan Pur with the help of local commission agents/traders/importers should ensure maximum supply of masoor through import to meet daily & monthly consumption requirement and to overcome annual deficit of 1,714 tons.. EADA (E&M) and Secretary MC will assist DC Rajan Pur in this regard
- DC Rajan Pur should conduct stock taking exercise regularly to arrange requisite stock.
- DC Rajan Pur through Price Control Magistrates should control hoarding and over profiteering by the traders.



COMMODITY: GARLIC

ASSESSMENT

Consumption Requirement (Tons)				
Annual	Monthly	Coming 3 months (May-July)	Local Production (Tons)	Annual Deficit /Surplus (Tons)
1,592	133	399	-	-1,592





Supply situation is stable due to availability of local crop as well as smooth import from China.

FORECASTING

- On account of availability of local crop supply & price situation of garlic is stable.
- However, at occasion of Eid-ul-Azha demand will be high and local production season will be approaching its end, so prices are likely to increase in local markets.

- Monthly consumption requirement of garlic for district Rajanpur is 133 tons and daily requirement is 4 tons.. DC Rajanpur with the help of commission agents/traders should ensure maximum supply of local garlic from surplus producing districts i.e. Sahiwal, Attock, Layyah, T.T.Singh, M.B,Din, Wazirabad, Nankana Sahib, Narowal & Lodhran to meet daily and monthly consumption requirement . EADA (E&M) and Secretary MC will assist DC Rajanpur in this regard.
- DC Rajanpur should ensure transparency in price fixation and ensure implementation of notified rates through Price Control Magistrates.
- Deputy Director Agriculture (Extension) Rajanpur should introduce Garlic cultivation in the district to overcome deficit of 1,592 tons per annum.





816

DISTRICT: RAJANPUR

COMMODITY: GINGER

ASSESSMENT Consumption Requirement (Tons) Annual Monthly Coming 3 months (May-July) Local Production (Tons) Annual Deficit /Surplus (Tons)

Domestic production of ginger is almost negligible, only 3 tons is produced in Sindh province, whereas domestic consumption requirement is 81,237 tons. Domestic demand is entirely dependent on import mainly from Thailand and China. During year 2024-25 (July-Mar) country

has imported ginger of 73,336 tons so far, which is of worth Rs.12,732 million.

Supply situation is stable due to smooth import from Thailand and China.

68

FORECASTING

- Smooth import of ginger is in progress from Thailand & China, therefore supply and price situation of ginger is stable in local markets.
- However, demand will increase at eve of Eid-ul-Azha, which will cause increase in ginger prices in local markets.

204

MITIGATIVE STRATEGY

- Monthly consumption requirement of ginger for district Rajanpur is 68 tons and daily requirement is 2 tons. DC Rajanpur with the help of commission agents/traders should ensure maximum supply of ginger through import to meet daily & monthly consum through import to meet daily and monthly consumption requirement. EADA (E&M) and Secretary MC will assist DC Rajanpur in this regard.
- DC Rajanpur should ensure transparency in price fixation and ensure implementation of notified rates through Price Control Magistrates
- Deputy Director Agriculture (Extension) Rajanpur should promote local production of ginger by promoting seed varieties which are more feasible to local climate, to meet annual consumption requirement of the district i.e. 816 tons, so that burden of import of ginger could be reduced. As India is producing ginger under climate situation similar to Pakistan, therefore production of ginger may be ensured in the country.



-816





COMMODITY: chilli

ASSESSMENT

Consumption Requirement (Tons)					
Annual	Monthly	Coming 3 months (May-July)	Local Production (Tons)	Annual Deficit /Surplus (Tons)	
1,987	166	498	2,380	393	

- Domestic production of chilli is 1,20,624 tons, whereas domestic consumption requirement is 2,01,295 tons. Sindh has major share (71%) in domestic production of chilli, followed by Punjab (22%) and Balochistan (7%). Pakistan exports chilli to other countries mainly Saudi Arabia, China, UAE, etc but also imports small quantity from China and Afghanistan.
- During year 2024-25 (July-Mar) country has exported chilli of 2532 tons (Rs.1251 million) and imported 1558 tons (Rs.3661 million)
- Production season of chilli in Sindh will commence during August, whereas in Punjab will start during July, 2025. Surplus producing districts of chilli in Punjab are Lodhran Multan and Rajanpur.



• Production season of chilli in Sindh will commence during August and in Punjab will begin during July, 2025, afterwards supply & price situation is expected to be stable in local markets.

- Monthly consumption requirement of chilli for district Rajanpur is 166 tons and daily requirement is 6 tons. DC Rajanpur with the help of commission agents/traders should ensure maximum supply of chilli from Grain Market Dera Ghazi Khan to meet daily and monthly consumption requirement. EADA (E&M) and Secretary MC will assist DC Rajanpur in this regard.
- DC Rajanpur should ensure transparency in price fixation and ensure implementation of notified rates through Price Control Magistrates
- Deputy Director Agriculture (Extension) Rajanpur should further enhance local production to meet the demand to deficit districts.

